

Theoretische Teilchenphysik II

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Exercise Sheet 7

Due 7.12.2016

Problem 1 - Additional term in the non-abelian Lagrangian

Consider a non-abelian gauge field theory with an arbitrary gauge group. At first sight, it appears possible to add to the standard gauge field Lagrangian the term

$$\delta\mathcal{L} = \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \text{Tr} [F^{\mu\nu} F^{\rho\sigma}] .$$

Show that this term is, in fact, a total derivative

$$\delta\mathcal{L} = \partial_\mu J^\mu .$$

Find the expression for the vector current J^μ and explain why such terms do not change the equations of motion.

Problem 2 - Equations of motions in non-abelian field theory

Consider a non-abelian gauge theory where gauge fields couple to scalar fields in the fundamental representation of the gauge group

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_A + (D_\mu\phi)^\dagger (D^\mu\phi) - m^2\phi^\dagger\phi - \lambda(\phi^\dagger\phi)^2 ,$$

where \mathcal{L}_A is the standard Lagrangian for the gauge fields.

1. Show that the equations of motion for the gauge field can be written in a form

$$(D_\mu F^{\mu\nu})^a = g J_\nu^a \tag{1}$$

and find the current J_ν^a . Note that in Eq.(1) the covariant derivative acts on $F^{\mu\nu}$ which lives in the adjoint representation!

2. Show that $D_\mu D_\nu F^{\mu\nu} = 0$. Use this result to write down the conservation equation for the current J_μ^a .
3. Find the equations of motion for the scalar field ϕ .